

How to Plate a Specimen for Urine Culture

If urine specimens are cultured on-site and referred to Allina Health Laboratory for identification and susceptibility testing, please plate the specimen as described below.

Materials: 5% Sheep Blood Agar (BA)
MacConkey Agar (MAC)
Colistin - Nalidixic Acid Blood Agar (CNA)
0.001 ml calibrated loop (disposable is acceptable)
Air incubator

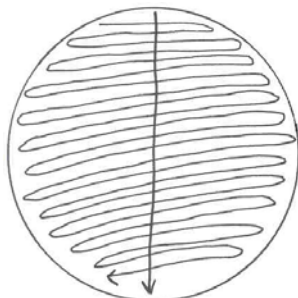
Specimen:

1. Collection
 - a. Clean Catch midstream specimen (voided)
 - b. Catheterized specimen
2. Handling and storage
 - a. Plating of specimens for identification should be done within two (2) hours of collection.
 - b. If specimen cannot be plated within two (2) hours, store in refrigerator until plated. Refrigerated urine is stable for 24 hours.
3. Specify "void", "cath", or "foley" on request.

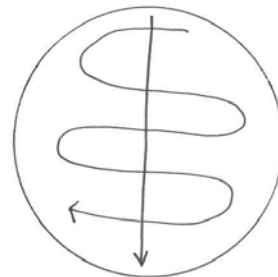
Procedure:

1. Gently swirl the urine to ensure even distribution of any organisms before culturing.
2. Select the 0.001 disposable loop (if using a non-disposable, flame and allow to cool before use.)
3. Holding the loop in a vertical position, insert the loop just below the surface of the urine. Streak the loopful of urine down the center of the agar plate. Without changing or re-flaming the loop, streak many times at right angles over the original streak, covering the entire plate. DO NOT re-streak over already streaked areas.

Correct



Incorrect



How to Plate a Specimen for Urine Culture

- Inoculate the plates as follows:

<u>Void & Cath</u>		<u>Cloudy & Foley</u>	
BA	0.001	BA	0.001
MAC	0.001	MAC	0.001
		CNA	0.001

- Incubate the plates in a 35⁰ C air incubator.
- Place patient ID label, including full name and 2nd unique identifier (ex, Date of Birth or ID#) on each plate.
SPECIFY: Void, Cath, or Foley
- Add a label to one of the plates indicating the number of hours the plates were incubated before transport.
- Transport plates in a biohazard bag at **room temperature**.

Please call Allina Health Laboratory Client Services at 612-863-4678, Option 1 with any questions.